INCORPORATION AMENDMENTS



26	enacts provisions related to the effective date of a town incorporation;
27	 amends language related to the duties of a planning commission of a township;
28	amends the definition of "ballot proposition"; and
29	 makes technical corrections.
30	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
31	None
32	Other Special Clauses:
33	None
34	Utah Code Sections Affected:
35	AMENDS:
36	10-2-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
37	10-2-102, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389
38	10-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 184
39	10-2-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 13
40	10-2-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
41	10-2-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 184
42	10-2-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 90
43	10-2-109 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378
44	10-2-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388
45	10-2-116, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388
46	10-2-125, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 90, 122 and last amended
47	by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 90
48	17-27a-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254
49	20A-1-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 17, 40, 310, and 335
50	20A-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 371
51	20A-1-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 16 and 382
52	ENACTS:
53	10-2-126 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
54	10-2-127 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	10-2-128 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
56	10-2-129 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

57	REPEALS AND REENACTS:
58 59	10-2-124 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389
50	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
51	Section 1. Section 10-2-101 is amended to read:
52	10-2-101. Definitions.
53	(1) As used in this part:
54	[(a) "Commission" means a boundary commission established under Section 10-2-409
55	for the county in which the property that is proposed to be incorporated is located.]
66	[(b)] (a) "Feasibility consultant" means a person or firm:
67	(i) with expertise in the processes and economics of local government[-]; and
68	(ii) who is independent of and not affiliated with a county or sponsor of a petition to
59	incorporate.
70	[(c)] (b) "Private," with respect to real property, means [not owned by the United States
71	or any agency of the federal government, the state, a county, a municipality, a school district, a
72	local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local Districts, a
73	special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, or any other
74	political subdivision or governmental entity of the state] taxable property.
75	(2) For purposes of this part:
76	(a) the owner of real property shall be the record title owner according to the records of
77	the county recorder on the date of the filing of the request or petition; and
78	(b) the value of private real property shall be determined according to the last
79	assessment roll for county taxes before the filing of the request or petition.
80	(3) For purposes of each provision of this part that requires the owners of private real
81	property covering a percentage or fraction of the total private land area within an area to sign a
82	request or petition:
83	(a) a parcel of real property may not be included in the calculation of the required
84	percentage or fraction unless the request or petition is signed by:
85	(i) except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), owners representing a majority
86	ownership interest in that parcel; or
87	(ii) if the parcel is owned by joint tenants or tenants by the entirety, 50% of the number

88	of owners of that parcel;
89	(b) the signature of a person signing a request or petition in a representative capacity on
90	behalf of an owner is invalid unless:
91	(i) the person's representative capacity and the name of the owner the person represents
92	are indicated on the request or petition with the person's signature; and
93	(ii) the person provides documentation accompanying the request or petition that
94	substantiates the person's representative capacity; and
95	(c) subject to Subsection (3)(b), a duly appointed personal representative may sign a
96	request or petition on behalf of a deceased owner.
97	Section 2. Section 10-2-102 is amended to read:
98	10-2-102. Incorporation of a contiguous area Governing provisions of city or
99	town incorporation.
100	(1) A contiguous area of a county not within a municipality may incorporate as a
101	municipality as provided in this part.
102	(2) (a) Incorporation as a city is governed by Sections 10-2-103 through 10-2-124.
103	(b) Incorporation as a town is governed by [Sections] Sections 10-2-125 through
104	<u>10-2-129</u> .
105	Section 3. Section 10-2-103 is amended to read:
106	10-2-103. Request for incorporation Requirements Limitations.
107	(1) The process to incorporate a contiguous area of a county as a city is initiated by a
108	request for a feasibility study filed with the clerk of the county in which the area is located.
109	(2) [Each] A request under Subsection (1) shall:
110	(a) be signed by the owners of private real property that [: (i)] is located within the area
111	proposed to be incorporated;
112	[(ii) covers at least 10% of the total private land area within the area; and]
113	[(iii) is equal in value to at least 7% of the value of all private real property within the
114	area;]
115	(b) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each owner
116	signing the request;
117	(c) describe the contiguous area proposed to be incorporated as a city;
118	(d) designate up to five signers of the request as sponsors, one of whom shall be

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119 designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each; 120 (e) be accompanied by and circulated with an accurate map or plat, prepared by a 121 licensed surveyor, showing the boundaries of the proposed city; and 122 (f) request the county legislative body to commission a study to determine the 123 feasibility of incorporating the area as a city. 124 (3) A request for a feasibility study under this section may not propose for 125 incorporation an area that includes some or all of an area that is the subject of a completed 126 feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study [whose results comply with Subsection 127 10-2-109(3)] unless: 128 (a) the proposed incorporation that is the subject of the completed feasibility study or 129 supplemental feasibility study has been defeated by the voters at an election under Section 130 10-2-111; or 131 (b) the time provided under Subsection 10-2-109(1) for filing an incorporation petition 132 based on the completed feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study has elapsed without 133 the filing of a petition. 134 (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a request under this section may not 135 propose for incorporation an area that includes some or all of an area proposed for annexation 136 in an annexation petition under Section 10-2-403 that: 137 (i) was filed before the filing of the request; and 138 (ii) is still pending on the date the request is filed. 139 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a request may propose for incorporation an area 140 that includes some or all of an area proposed for annexation in an annexation petition described 141 in Subsection (4)(a) if: 142 (i) the proposed annexation area that is part of the area proposed for incorporation does 143 not exceed 20% of the area proposed for incorporation; 144 (ii) the request complies with Subsections (2) and (3) with respect to the area proposed 145 for incorporation excluding the proposed annexation area; and 146 (iii) excluding the area proposed for annexation from the area proposed for 147 incorporation would not cause the area proposed for incorporation to lose its contiguousness.

(c) Except as provided in Section 10-2-107, [each] a request to which Subsection (4)(b)

applies shall be considered as not proposing the incorporation of the area proposed for

Subsection (3)(a)(i).

150	annexation.
151	(5) At the time of filing the request for a feasibility study with the county clerk, the
152	sponsors of the request shall mail or deliver a copy of the request to the chair of the planning
153	commission of each township in which any part of the area proposed for incorporation is
154	located, if any.
155	Section 4. Section 10-2-105 is amended to read:
156	10-2-105. Processing a request for incorporation Certification or rejection by
157	county clerk Processing priority Limitations Township planning commission
158	recommendation.
159	(1) Within 45 days of the filing of a request under Section 10-2-103, the county clerk
160	shall:
161	(a) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests
162	assistance, determine whether the request complies with Section 10-2-103; and
163	(b) (i) if the clerk determines that the request complies with Section 10-2-103:
164	(A) certify the request and deliver the certified request to the county legislative body;
165	and
166	(B) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to:
167	(I) the contact sponsor; and
168	(II) the chair of the planning commission of each township in which any part of the
169	area proposed for incorporation is located; or
170	(ii) if the clerk determines that the request fails to comply with [any of those] Section
171	10-2-103 requirements, reject the request and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the
172	rejection and the reasons for the rejection.
173	(2) The county clerk shall certify or reject requests under Subsection (1) in the order in
174	which they are filed.
175	(3) (a) (i) If the county clerk rejects a request under Subsection (1)(b)(ii), the request
176	may be amended to correct the deficiencies for which it was rejected and then refiled with the
177	county clerk.
178	(ii) A signature on a request under Section 10-2-103 may be used toward fulfilling the
179	signature requirement of Subsection 10-2-103(2)(a) for the request as modified under

181	(b) If a request is amended and refiled under Subsection (3)(a) after having been
182	rejected by the county clerk under Subsection (1)(b)(ii), it shall be considered as a newly filed
183	request, and its processing priority is determined by the date on which it is refiled.
184	[(4) (a) A township planning commission may recommend to the legislative body of
185	the county in which the township is located that, for purposes of Subsection
186	10-2-106(4)(a)(xiii), the county legislative body support or oppose a proposed incorporation
187	under this part of an area located within the township.]
188	[(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(ii), the township planning commission
189	shall communicate each recommendation under Subsection (4)(a) in writing to the county
190	legislative body within 60 days of the county clerk's certification under Subsection (1)(b)(i).]
191	[(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(b)(i), if the county clerk's certification under
192	Subsection (1)(b)(i) is before July 17, 1997, the township planning commission shall
193	communicate its recommendation under Subsection (4)(a) in writing to the county legislative
194	body within 60 days of the county clerk's certification under Subsection (1)(b)(i) or August 31,
195	1997, whichever is later, but no later than:
196	[(A) 75 days after the county legislative body has engaged the feasibility consultant
197	under Subsection 10-2-106(1); or]
198	[(B) the completion of the feasibility study.]
199	[(iii) At the time the recommendation under Subsection (4)(b)(i) is delivered to the
200	county legislative body, the township planning commission shall mail or deliver a copy of the
201	recommendation to the contact sponsor.]
202	Section 5. Section 10-2-106 is amended to read:
203	10-2-106. Feasibility study Feasibility study consultant.
204	(1) Within 60 days of receipt of a certified request under Subsection 10-2-105(1)(b)(i),
205	the county legislative body shall engage the feasibility consultant chosen under Subsection (2)
206	to conduct a feasibility study.
207	[(2) The feasibility consultant shall be chosen by a majority vote of a selection
208	committee consisting of:]
209	[(a) a person designated by the county legislative body;]
210	[(b) a person designated by the sponsors of the request for a feasibility study; and]
211	[(c) a person designated by the governor.]

212	(2) The feasibility consultant shall be chosen:
213	(a) by the contact sponsor of the incorporation petition in consultation with the county;
214	<u>or</u>
215	(b) by the county if the designated sponsors state, in writing, that the contact sponsor
216	defers selection of the feasibility consultant to the county.
217	(3) The county legislative body shall require the feasibility consultant to:
218	(a) complete the feasibility study and submit the written results to the county legislative
219	body and the contact sponsor no later than 90 days after the feasibility consultant is engaged to
220	conduct the study;
221	(b) submit with the full written results of the feasibility study a summary of the results
222	no longer than one page in length; and
223	(c) attend the public hearings under Subsection 10-2-108(1) and present the feasibility
224	study results and respond to questions from the public at those hearings.
225	[(4) (a) The feasibility study shall consider:]
226	[(i) the population and population density within the area proposed for incorporation
227	and the surrounding area;]
228	[(ii) the history, geography, geology, and topography of and natural boundaries within
229	the area proposed to be incorporated and the surrounding area;]
230	[(iii) whether the proposed boundaries eliminate or create an unincorporated island or
231	peninsula;]
232	[(iv) whether the proposed incorporation will hinder or prevent a future and more
233	logical and beneficial incorporation or a future logical and beneficial annexation;]
234	[(v) the fiscal impact on unincorporated areas, other municipalities, local districts,
235	special service districts, and other governmental entities in the county;]
236	[(vi) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the
237	proposed city and surrounding area, including household size and income, commercial and
238	industrial development, and public facilities;]
239	[(vii) projected growth in the proposed city and in adjacent areas during the next five
240	years;]
241	[(viii) subject to Subsection (4)(c), the present and five-year projections of the cost,
242	including overhead, of governmental services in the proposed city;]

243	(ix) the present and five-year projected revenue for the proposed city;
244	[(x) the projected impact the incorporation will have over the following five years on
245	the amount of taxes that property owners within the proposed city and in the remaining
246	unincorporated county will pay;]
247	[(xi) past expansion in terms of population and construction in the proposed city and
248	the surrounding area;]
249	[(xii) the extension of the boundaries of other nearby municipalities during the past 10
250	years, the willingness of those municipalities to annex the area proposed for incorporation, and
251	the probability that those municipalities would annex territory within the area proposed for
252	incorporation within the next five years except for the incorporation; and]
253	[(xiii) whether the legislative body of the county in which the area proposed to be
254	incorporated favors the incorporation proposal.]
255	[(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(ix), the feasibility consultant shall assume ad
256	valorem property tax rates on residential property within the proposed city at the same level at
257	which they would have been without the incorporation.]
258	[(c) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(viii):]
259	[(i) the feasibility consultant shall assume a level and quality of governmental services
260	to be provided to the proposed city in the future that fairly and reasonably approximate the
261	level and quality of governmental services being provided to the proposed city at the time of
262	the feasibility study;]
263	[(ii) in determining the present cost of a governmental service, the feasibility
264	consultant shall consider:
265	[(A) the amount it would cost the proposed city itself to provide the service after
266	incorporation;]
267	[(B) if the county is currently providing the service to the proposed city, the county's
268	cost of providing the service; and]
269	[(C) if the county is not currently providing the service to the proposed city, the
270	amount the proposed city can reasonably expect to pay for the service under a contract for the
271	service; and]
272	[(iii) the five-year projected cost of a governmental service shall be based on the
273	amount calculated under Subsection (4)(c)(ii), taking into account inflation and anticipated

274	growth.]
275	[(5) If the results of the feasibility study or revised feasibility study do not meet the
276	requirements of Subsection 10-2-109(3), the feasibility consultant shall, as part of the
277	feasibility study or revised feasibility study and if requested by the sponsors of the request,
278	make recommendations as to how the boundaries of the proposed city may be altered so that
279	the requirements of Subsection 10-2-109(3) may be met.]
280	(4) (a) The feasibility study shall consider the:
281	(i) population and population density within the area proposed for incorporation and
282	the surrounding area;
283	(ii) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the
284	proposed city and surrounding area, including household size and income, commercial and
285	industrial development, and public facilities;
286	(iii) projected growth in the proposed city and in adjacent areas during the next five
287	<u>years:</u>
288	(iv) subject to Subsection (4)(b), the present and five-year projections of the cost,
289	including overhead, of governmental services in the proposed city, including:
290	(A) culinary water;
291	(B) secondary water;
292	(C) sewer;
293	(D) law enforcement;
294	(E) fire protection
295	(F) roads and public works;
296	(G) garbage
297	(H) weeds; and
298	(I) government offices;
299	(v) assuming the same tax categories and tax rates as currently imposed by the county
300	and all other current service providers, the present and five-year projected revenue for the
301	proposed city; and
302	(vi) a projection of any new taxes per household that may be levied within the
303	incorporated area within five years of incorporation.
304	(b) (i) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(iv), the feasibility consultant shall assume a

305	level and quality of governmental services to be provided to the proposed city in the future that
306	fairly and reasonably approximate the level and quality of governmental services being
307	provided to the proposed city at the time of the feasibility study.
308	(ii) In determining the present cost of a governmental service, the feasibility consultant
309	shall consider:
310	(A) the amount it would cost the proposed city to provide governmental service for the
311	first five years after incorporation; and
312	(B) the county's present and five-year projected cost of providing governmental
313	service.
314	(iii) The costs calculated under Subsection (4)(a)(iv), shall take into account inflation
315	and anticipated growth.
316	(5) If the five year projected revenues under Subsection (4)(a)(v) exceed the five year
317	projected costs under Subsection (4)(a)(iv) by more than 5%, the feasibility consultant shall
318	project and report the expected annual revenue surplus to the contact sponsor and the lieutenant
319	governor.
320	(6) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (6), "pending" means that the process to
321	incorporate an unincorporated area has been initiated by the filing of a request for feasibility
322	study under Section 10-2-103 but that, as of [the date this Subsection (6) becomes effective]
323	May 8, 2012, a petition under Section 10-2-109 has not yet been filed.
324	(b) The amendments to Subsection (4) that become effective upon the effective date of
325	this Subsection [(6)] <u>(5)</u> :
326	(i) apply to each pending proceeding proposing the incorporation of an unincorporated
327	area; and
328	(ii) do not apply to a municipal incorporation proceeding under this part in which a
329	petition under Section 10-2-109 has been filed.
330	(c) (i) If, in a pending incorporation proceeding, the feasibility consultant has, as of
331	[the effective date of this Subsection (6)] May 8, 2012, already completed the feasibility study,
332	the county legislative body shall, within 20 days after the effective date of this Subsection (6)
333	and except as provided in Subsection (6)(c)(iii), engage the feasibility consultant to revise the
334	feasibility study to take into account the amendments to Subsection (4) that became effective
225	on the affective data of this Subsection (6)

336	(ii) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c)(iii), the county legislative body shall
337	require the feasibility consultant to complete the revised feasibility study under Subsection
338	(6)(c)(i) within 20 days after being engaged to do so.
339	(iii) Notwithstanding Subsections (6)(c)(i) and (ii), a county legislative body is not
340	required to engage the feasibility consultant to revise the feasibility study if, within 15 days
341	after the effective date of this Subsection (6), the request sponsors file with the county clerk a
342	written withdrawal of the request signed by all the request sponsors.
343	(d) All provisions of this part that set forth the incorporation process following the
344	completion of a feasibility study shall apply with equal force following the completion of a
345	revised feasibility study under this Subsection (6), except that, if a petition under Section
346	10-2-109 has already been filed based on the feasibility study that is revised under this
347	Subsection (6):
348	(i) the notice required by Section 10-2-108 for the revised feasibility study shall
349	include a statement informing signers of the petition of their right to withdraw their signatures
350	from the petition and of the process and deadline for withdrawing a signature from the petition
351	(ii) a signer of the petition may withdraw the signer's signature by filing with the
352	county clerk a written withdrawal within 30 days after the final notice under Subsection
353	10-2-108(2) has been given with respect to the revised feasibility study; and
354	(iii) unless withdrawn, a signature on the petition may be used toward fulfilling the
355	signature requirements under Subsection 10-2-109(2)(a) for a petition based on the revised
356	feasibility study.
357	Section 6. Section 10-2-107 is amended to read:
358	10-2-107. Modified request for feasibility study Supplemental feasibility study.
359	(1) (a) (i) The sponsors of a request may modify the request to alter the boundaries of
360	the proposed city and then refile the request, as modified, with the county clerk if:
361	[(A) the results of the feasibility study do not meet the requirements of Subsection
362	10-2-109(3); or]
363	$[\overline{(B)(I)}]$ (A) the request meets the conditions of Subsection 10-2-103(4)(b);
364	[(H)] (B) the annexation petition that proposed the annexation of an area that is part of
365	the area proposed for incorporation has been denied; and
366	[(HH)] (C) an incorporation petition based on the request has not been filed.

367	[(ii) (A) A modified request under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) may not be filed more than
368	90 days after the feasibility consultant's submission of the results of the study.]
369	[(B)] (ii) A modified request under Subsection (1)(a)(i)[(B)] may not be filed more
370	than 18 months after the filing of the original request under Section 10-2-103.
371	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (1)(b)(ii), [each] a modified request under Subsection
372	(1)(a)(i) shall comply with the requirements of Subsections 10-2-103(2), (3), (4), and (5).
373	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b)(i), a signature on a request filed under Section
374	10-2-103 may be used toward fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection
375	10-2-103(2)(a)(i) for the request as modified under Subsection (1)(a), unless the modified
376	request proposes the incorporation of an area that is more than 20% greater or smaller than the
377	area described by the original request in terms of:
378	(A) private land area; or
379	(B) value of private real property.
380	(2) Within 20 days after the county clerk's receipt of the modified request, the county
381	clerk shall follow the same procedure for the modified request as provided under Subsection
382	10-2-105(1) for an original request.
383	(3) The timely filing of a modified request under Subsection (1) gives the modified
384	request the same processing priority under Subsection 10-2-105(2) as the original request.
385	(4) Within 10 days after the county legislative body's receipt of a certified modified
386	request under Subsection (1)(a)(i)[(A) or a certified modified request under Subsection
387	$\frac{(1)(a)(i)(B)}{(1)(a)(i)(B)}$] that was filed after the completion of a feasibility study on the original request, the
388	county legislative body shall commission the feasibility consultant who conducted the
389	feasibility study to supplement the feasibility study to take into account the information in the
390	modified request that was not included in the original request.
391	(5) The county legislative body shall require the feasibility consultant to complete the
392	supplemental feasibility study and to submit written results of the supplemental study to the
393	county legislative body and to the contact sponsor no later than 30 days after the feasibility
394	consultant is commissioned to conduct the supplemental feasibility study.
395	[(6) (a) Subject to Subsection (6)(b), if the results of the supplemental feasibility study
396	do not meet the requirements of Subsection 10-2-109(3):]
397	[(i) the sponsors may file a further modified request as provided in Subsection (1); and]

398	(ii) Subsections (2), (4), and (5) apply to a further modified request under Subsection
399	(6)(a)(i).]
400	[(b) A further modified request under Subsection (6)(a) shall, for purposes of its
401	processing priority, be considered as an original request for a feasibility study under Section
402	10-2-103.]
403	Section 7. Section 10-2-108 is amended to read:
404	10-2-108. Public hearings on feasibility study results Notice of hearings.
405	(1) [If the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study meet the
406	requirements of Subsection 10-2-109(3), the] A county legislative body shall, at its next regular
407	meeting after receipt of the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study,
408	schedule at least two public hearings to be held:
409	(a) within the following 60 days;
410	(b) at least seven days apart;
411	(c) in geographically diverse locations within the proposed city; and
412	(d) for the purpose of allowing:
413	(i) the feasibility consultant to present the results of the study; and
414	(ii) the public to become informed about the feasibility study results and to ask
415	questions about those results of the feasibility consultant.
416	(2) At a public hearing described in Subsection (1), the county legislative body shall:
417	(a) provide a map or plat of the boundary of the proposed city;
418	(b) provide a copy of the feasibility study for public review; and
419	(c) allow the public to express its views about the proposed incorporation, including its
420	view about the proposed boundary.
421	[(2)] (a) (i) The county clerk shall publish notice of the public hearings required
422	under Subsection (1):
423	(A) at least once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general
424	circulation within the proposed city; and
425	(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, for three weeks.
426	(ii) The last publication of notice required under Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) (a)(i)(A) shall be
427	at least three days before the first public hearing required under Subsection (1).
428	(b) (i) If, under Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) (a)(i)(A), there is no newspaper of general

429	circulation within the proposed city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the
430	hearings per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the proposed city that are most
431	likely to give notice of the hearings to the residents of the proposed city.
432	(ii) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) (b)(i) at least seven days
433	before the first hearing under Subsection (1).
434	(c) The notice under Subsections $[(2)]$ (3) (a) and (b) shall include the feasibility study
435	summary under Subsection 10-2-106(3)(b) and shall indicate that a full copy of the study is
436	available for inspection and copying at the office of the county clerk.
437	Section 8. Section 10-2-109 is amended to read:
438	10-2-109. Incorporation petition Requirements and form.
439	(1) At any time within [18 months] one year of the completion of the public hearings
440	required under Subsection 10-2-108(1), a petition for incorporation of the area proposed to be
441	incorporated as a city may be filed in the office of the clerk of the county in which the area is
442	located.
443	(2) Each petition under Subsection (1) shall:
444	(a) be signed by:
445	(i) the owners of private real property that:
446	[(i)] (A) is located within the area proposed to be incorporated; and
447	[(ii) covers at least 1/3 of the total private land area within the area; and]
448	$[\frac{(iii)}]$ (B) is equal in value to at least $[\frac{1}{3}]$ $\underline{1}/\underline{8}$ of the value of all private real property
449	within the area; and
450	(ii) 1/8 of all registered voters within the area proposed to be incorporated as a city.
451	according to the official voter registration list maintained by the county on the date the petition
452	is filed;
453	(b) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each owner
454	signing the petition;
455	(c) describe the area proposed to be incorporated as a city, as described in the
456	feasibility study request [or modified request that meets the requirements of Subsection (3)] for
457	incorporation;
458	(d) state the proposed name for the proposed city;
459	(e) designate five signers of the petition as petition sponsors, one of whom shall be

460	designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each;
461	(f) state that the signers of the petition appoint the sponsors, if the incorporation
462	measure passes, to represent the signers in the process of:
463	(i) selecting the number of commission or council members the new city will have; and
464	(ii) drawing district boundaries for the election of commission or council members, if
465	the voters decide to elect commission or council members by district;
466	(g) be accompanied by and circulated with an accurate plat or map, prepared by a
467	licensed surveyor, showing the boundaries of the proposed city; and
468	(h) substantially comply with and be circulated in the following form:
469	PETITION FOR INCORPORATION OF (insert the proposed name of the proposed
470	city)
471	To the Honorable County Legislative Body of (insert the name of the county in which
472	the proposed city is located) County, Utah:
473	We, the undersigned owners of real property within the area described in this petition,
474	respectfully petition the county legislative body to submit to the registered voters residing
475	within the area described in this petition, at [a special election held for that purpose] the next
476	regular general election, the question of whether the area should incorporate as a city. Each of
477	the undersigned affirms that each has personally signed this petition and is an owner of real
478	property within the described area, and that the current residence address of each is correctly
479	written after the signer's name. The area proposed to be incorporated as a city is described as
480	follows: (insert an accurate description of the area proposed to be incorporated).
481	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [f]$ (3) A petition for incorporation of a city under Subsection (1) may not
481a	be filed unless
482	the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study show that the average
483	annual amount of revenue under Subsection 10-2-106(4)(a)(ix) does not exceed the average
484	annual amount of cost under Subsection 10-2-106(4)(a)(viii) by more than 5%. [$\frac{1}{2}$] \leftarrow Ĥ
485	[(4)] (3) A signature on a request under Section 10-2-103 or a modified request under
486	Section 10-2-107 may be used toward fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection (2)(a):
487	(a) if the request under Section 10-2-103 or modified request under Section 10-2-107
488	notified the signer in conspicuous language that the signature, unless withdrawn, would also be
489	used for purposes of a petition for incorporation under this section; and
490	(b) unless the signer files with the county clerk a written withdrawal of the signature

491	before the petition under this section is filed with the clerk.
492	Section 9. Section 10-2-111 is amended to read:
493	10-2-111. Incorporation election.
494	(1) (a) At the next [special election] regular general election date under Section
495	$[20A-1-204]$ $20A-1-201$ more than $[45]$ $\underline{60}$ days after the county legislative body's receipt of
496	the certified petition or certified modified petition under Subsection 10-2-110(1)(b)(i), the
497	county legislative body shall hold an election on the proposed incorporation.
498	(b) Unless a person is a registered voter who resides, as defined in Section 20A-1-102,
499	within the boundaries of the proposed city, the person may not vote on the proposed
500	incorporation.
501	(2) (a) The county clerk shall publish notice of the election:
502	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation within the area proposed to be incorporated at
503	least once a week for three successive weeks; and
504	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
505	(b) The notice required by Subsection (2)(a) shall contain:
506	(i) a statement of the contents of the petition;
507	(ii) a description of the area proposed to be incorporated as a city;
508	(iii) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places;
509	and
510	(iv) the feasibility study summary under Subsection 10-2-106(3)(b) and a statement
511	that a full copy of the study is available for inspection and copying at the office of the county
512	clerk.
513	(c) The last publication of notice required under Subsection (2)(a) shall occur at least
514	one day but no more than seven days before the election.
515	(d) (i) In accordance with Subsection (2)(a)(i), if there is no newspaper of general
516	circulation within the proposed city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the
517	election per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the proposed city that are most
518	likely to give notice of the election to the voters of the proposed city.
519	(ii) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (2)(d)(i) at least seven days before
520	the election under Subsection (1).

(3) If a majority of those casting votes within the area boundaries of the proposed city

322	vote to incorporate as a city, the area shall incorporate.
523	Section 10. Section 10-2-116 is amended to read:
524	10-2-116. Election of officers of new city.
525	(1) For the election of city officers, the county legislative body shall:
526	(a) unless a primary election is prohibited by Subsection 20A-9-404(2), hold a primary
527	election; and
528	(b) hold a final election.
529	(2) Each election under Subsection (1) shall be:
530	(a) appropriate to the form of government chosen by the voters at the incorporation
531	election;
532	(b) consistent with the voters' decision about whether to elect commission or council
533	members by district and, if applicable, consistent with the boundaries of those districts as
534	determined by the petition sponsors; and
535	(c) consistent with the sponsors' determination of the number of commission or council
536	members to be elected and the length of their initial term.
537	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b) [and except as provided in Subsection (5)], the
538	primary election under Subsection (1)(a) shall be held at the earliest of the next:
539	(i) regular general election under Section 20A-1-201;
540	(ii) municipal primary election under Section 20A-9-404;
541	(iii) municipal general election under Section 20A-1-202; or
542	(iv) special election under Section 20A-1-204.
543	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the primary election under Subsection (1)(a)
544	may not be held until 75 days after the incorporation election under Section 10-2-111.
545	(4) [Except as provided in Subsection (5), the] The final election under Subsection
546	(1)(b) shall be held at the next special election date under Section 20A-1-204:
547	(a) after the primary election; or
548	(b) if there is no primary election, more than 75 days after the incorporation election
549	under Section 10-2-111.
550	[(5) Notwithstanding Subsections (3) and (4), the county legislative body may hold the
551	primary and final elections required under Subsection (1) on the dates provided for the next
552	municipal primary election under Section 20A-9-404 and the next municipal general election

553	under Section 20A-1-202, respectively, after the incorporation election, if:]
554	[(a) with the results under Subsection 10-2-114(1)(d), the petition sponsors submit to
555	the county legislative body a written request to that effect; and]
556	[(b) the incorporation election under Section 10-2-111 took place in February or May
557	of an odd-numbered year.]
558	[6] (a) (i) The county clerk shall publish notice of an election under this section:
559	(A) at least once a week for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation
560	within the future city; and
561	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
562	(ii) The later notice under Subsection $[(6)]$ (5) (a)(i) shall be at least one day but no
563	more than seven days before the election.
564	(b) (i) In accordance with Subsection $[(6)]$ (5) (a)(i)(A), if there is no newspaper of
565	general circulation within the future city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the
566	election per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the future city that are most likely
567	to give notice of the election to the voters.
568	(ii) The county clerk shall post the notices under Subsection $[(6)]$ (5) (b)(i) at least
569	seven days before each election under Subsection (1).
570	[(7)] <u>(6)</u> Until the city is incorporated, the county clerk is the election officer for all
571	purposes in an election of officers of the city approved at an incorporation election.
572	Section 11. Section 10-2-124 is repealed and reenacted to read:
573	10-2-124. Incorporation petition before May 8, 2012.
574	(1) A party with petition in process as of January 1, 2012 and not yet filed for final
575	certification with the county clerk in accordance with Section 10-2-110 as of May 8, 2012,
576	shall file a request for a feasibility study under Section 10-2-103 and comply with the
577	provisions of this chapter as enacted on May 8, 2012.
578	(3) A party described in Subsection (2) may use a signature on a petition in process as
579	of May 8, 2012, to fulfill the requirements of this chapter enacted on May 8, 2012.
580	Section 12. Section 10-2-125 is amended to read:
581	10-2-125. Incorporation of a town Petition.
582	(1) As used in this section:
583	(a) "Assessed value," with respect to agricultural land, means the value at which the

584	land would be assessed without regard to a valuation for agricultural use under Section
585	59-2-503.
586	(b) "Financial feasibility study" means a study [to determine:] described in Subsection
587	<u>(8).</u>
588	[(i) the projected revenues for the proposed town during the first three years after
589	incorporation; and]
590	[(ii) the projected costs, including overhead, that the proposed town will incur in
591	providing governmental services during the first three years after incorporation.]
592	(c) "Feasibility consultant" means a person or firm:
593	(i) with expertise in the processes and economics of local government; and
594	(ii) who is independent of and not affiliated with a county or sponsor of a petition to
595	incorporate.
596	[(c)] (d) "Municipal service" means a publicly provided service that is not provided on
597	a countywide basis.
598	[(d)] (e) "Nonurban" means having a residential density of less than one unit per acre.
599	(2) (a) (i) A contiguous area of a county not within a municipality, with a population of
600	at least 100 but less than 1,000, may incorporate as a town as provided in this section.
601	(ii) An area within a county of the first class is not contiguous for purposes of
602	Subsection (2)(a)(i) if:
603	(A) the area includes a strip of land that connects geographically separate areas; and
604	(B) the distance between the geographically separate areas is greater than the average
605	width of the strip of land connecting the geographically separate areas.
606	(b) The population figure under Subsection (2)(a) shall be determined:
607	(i) as of the date the incorporation petition is filed; and
608	(ii) by the Utah Population Estimates Committee within 20 days after the county clerk's
609	certification under Subsection (6) of a petition filed under Subsection (4).
610	(3) (a) The process to incorporate an area as a town is initiated by filing a [request for a
611	public hearing with the clerk of the county in which the area is located] petition to incorporate
612	the area as a town with the clerk of the county in which the area is located.
613	[(b) Each request for a public hearing under Subsection (3)(a) shall:]
614	[(i) be signed by the owners of at least five separate parcels of private real property,

615	each owned by a different owner, located within the area proposed to be incorporated; and]
616	[(ii) be accompanied by an accurate map or plat depicting the boundary of the proposed
617	town.]
618	[(c) Within 10 days after a request for a public hearing is filed under Subsection (3)(a),
619	the county clerk shall, with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk
620	requests assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of
621	Subsection (3)(b).]
622	[(d) If the clerk determines that a request under Subsection (3)(a) fails to comply with
623	the requirements of Subsection (3)(b), the clerk shall reject the request and deliver written
624	notice of the rejection to the signers of the request.]
625	[(e) (i) If the clerk determines that a request under Subsection (3)(a) complies with the
626	requirements of Subsection (3)(b), the clerk shall:
627	[(A) schedule and arrange for a public hearing to be held:]
628	[(I) (Aa) at a public facility located within the boundary of the proposed town; or]
629	[(Bb) if there is no public facility within the boundary of the proposed town, at another
630	nearby public facility or at the county seat; and]
631	[(II) within 20 days after the clerk provides the last notice required under Subsection
632	(3)(e)(i)(B); and]
633	[(B) no later than 10 days after the clerk determines that a request complies with the
634	requirements of Subsection (3)(b), give notice of the public hearing on the proposed
635	incorporation by:]
636	[(I) posting notice of the public hearing on the county's Internet website, if the county
637	has an Internet website;]
638	[(II) (Aa) publishing notice of the public hearing at least once a week for two
639	consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town; or]
640	[(Bb) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town, posting
641	notice of the public hearing in at least five conspicuous public places within the proposed
642	town; and]
643	[(III) publishing notice of the public hearing on the Utah Public Notice Website created
644	in Section 63F-1-701.]
645	[(ii) Each public hearing under Subsection (3)(e)(i)(A) shall be conducted by the chair

646	of the county commission or council, or the chair's designee, to:]
647	[(A) introduce the concept of the proposed incorporation to the public;]
648	[(B) allow the public to review the map or plat of the boundary of the proposed town;]
649	[(C) allow the public to ask questions and become informed about the proposed
650	incorporation; and]
651	[(D) allow the public to express their views about the proposed incorporation,
652	including their views about the boundary of the area proposed to be incorporated.]
653	[(4) (a) At any time within three months after the public hearing under Subsection
654	(3)(e), a petition to incorporate the area as a town may be filed with the clerk of the county in
655	which the area is located.]
656	(b) [Each] A petition under Subsection [$\frac{(4)}{(3)}$ (a) shall:
657	(i) be signed by:
658	(A) the owners of private real property that:
659	(I) is located within the area proposed to be incorporated; and
660	[(II) covers a majority of the total private land area within the area;]
661	$[(\overline{HH})]$ (II) is equal in assessed value to more than $[\frac{1}{2}]$ of the assessed value of all
662	private real property within the area; and
663	[(IV) consists, in number of parcels, of at least 1/3 of the number of all parcels of
664	private real property within the area proposed to be incorporated; and]
665	(B) $[a majority]$ $1/5$ of all registered voters within the area proposed to be incorporated
666	as a town, according to the official voter registration list maintained by the county on the date
667	the petition is filed;
668	(ii) designate as sponsors at least five of the property owners who have signed the
669	petition, one of whom shall be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address of
670	each owner signing as a sponsor;
671	(iii) be accompanied by and circulated with an accurate map or plat, prepared by a
672	licensed surveyor, showing a legal description of the boundary of the proposed town; and
673	(iv) substantially comply with and be circulated in the following form:
674	PETITION FOR INCORPORATION OF (insert the proposed name of the proposed
675	town)
676	To the Honorable County Legislative Body of (insert the name of the county in which

the proposed town is located) County, Utah:

We, the undersigned owners of real property and registered voters within the area described in this petition, respectfully petition the county legislative body [for the area described in this petition to be incorporated] to submit to the registered voters residing within the area described in this petition, at the next regular general election, the question of whether the area should incorporate as a town. Each of the undersigned affirms that each has personally signed this petition and is an owner of real property or a registered voter residing within the described area, and that the current residence address of each is correctly written after the signer's name. The area proposed to be incorporated as a town is described as follows: (insert an accurate description of the area proposed to be incorporated).

- (c) A petition under this Subsection [(4)] (3) may not describe an area that includes some or all of an area proposed for annexation in an annexation petition under Section 10-2-403 that:
 - (i) was filed before the filing of the petition; and
 - (ii) is still pending on the date the petition is filed.
- (d) A petition may not be filed under this section if the private real property owned by the petition sponsors, designated under Subsection [(4)] (3)(b)(ii), cumulatively exceeds 40% of the total private land area within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town.
- (e) A signer of a petition under this Subsection [(4)] (3) may withdraw or, after withdrawn, reinstate the signer's signature on the petition:
- (i) at any time until the county clerk certifies the petition under Subsection [(6)] (5); and
 - (ii) by filing a signed, written withdrawal or reinstatement with the county clerk.
- [(5)] (4) (a) If a petition is filed under Subsection [(4)] (3)(a) proposing to incorporate as a town an area located within a county of the first class, the county clerk shall deliver written notice of the proposed incorporation:
- (i) to each owner of private real property owning more than 1% of the assessed value of all private real property within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town; and
 - (ii) within seven calendar days after the date on which the petition is filed.
- (b) A private real property owner described in Subsection [(5)] (4)(a)(i) may exclude all or part of the owner's property from the area proposed to be incorporated as a town by filing

708	a notice of exclusion:
709	(i) with the county clerk; and
710	(ii) within 10 calendar days after receiving the clerk's notice under Subsection [(5)]
711	<u>(4)</u> (a).
712	(c) The county legislative body shall exclude from the area proposed to be incorporated
713	as a town the property identified in the notice of exclusion under Subsection [(5)] (4) (b) if:
714	(i) the property:
715	(A) is nonurban; and
716	(B) does not and will not require a municipal service; and
717	(ii) exclusion will not leave an unincorporated island within the proposed town.
718	(d) If the county legislative body excludes property from the area proposed to be
719	incorporated as a town, the county legislative body shall send written notice of the exclusion to
720	the contact sponsor within five days after the exclusion.
721	[(6) Within] (5) No later than 20 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection
722	[4)] (3), the county clerk shall:
723	(a) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests
724	assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of Subsection [(4)]
725	<u>(3)</u> ; and
726	(b) (i) if the clerk determines that the petition complies with those requirements:
727	(A) certify the petition and deliver the certified petition to the county legislative body;
728	and
729	(B) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to:
730	(I) the contact sponsor;
731	(II) if applicable, the chair of the planning commission of each township in which any
732	part of the area proposed for incorporation is located; and
733	(III) the Utah Population Estimates Committee; or
734	(ii) if the clerk determines that the petition fails to comply with any of those
735	requirements, reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the rejection and
736	the reasons for the rejection.
737	[(7)] (6) (a) (i) A petition that is rejected under Subsection $[(6)]$ (5)(b)(ii) may be
738	amended to correct a deficiency for which it was rejected and then refiled with the county

	•
739	clerk.
740	(ii) A valid signature on a petition filed under Subsection [(4)] (3)(a) may be used
741	toward fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection [$\frac{(4)}{(3)}$ (b) for the same petition that
742	is amended under Subsection $[(7)]$ (6) (a)(i) and then refiled with the county clerk.
743	(b) If a petition is amended and refiled under Subsection [(7)] (6)(a)(i) after having
744	been rejected by the county clerk under Subsection [(6)] (5)(b)(ii):
745	(i) the amended petition shall be considered as a newly filed petition; and
746	(ii) the amended petition's processing priority is determined by the date on which it is
747	refiled.
748	(8) (a) (i) The legislative body of a county with which a petition is filed under
749	Subsection (4) [may, at its option and upon the petition being] and certified under Subsection
750	(6)[-] shall commission and pay for a financial feasibility study.
751	[(ii) If the county legislative body chooses to commission a financial feasibility study,
752	the county legislative body shall:]
753	[(A) within 20 days after the incorporation petition is certified, select and engage a
754	feasibility consultant; and]
755	(ii) The feasibility consultant shall be chosen:
756	(A) by the contact sponsor of the incorporation petition, as described in Subsection
757	(3)(b)(ii), in consultation with the county; or
758	(B) by the county if the contact sponsor states, in writing, that the sponsor defers
759	selection of the feasibility consultant to the county.
760	[(B)] (iii) The county legislative body shall require the feasibility consultant to
761	complete the financial feasibility study and submit written results of the study to the county
762	legislative body no later than 30 days after the feasibility consultant is engaged to conduct the
763	financial feasibility study.
764	(b) The financial feasibility study shall consider the:
765	(i) population and population density within the area proposed for incorporation and
766	the surrounding area;
767	(ii) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the

proposed town and surrounding area, including household size and income, commercial and

industrial development, and public facilities;

770	(iii) projected growth in the proposed town and in adjacent areas during the next five
771	years;
772	(iv) subject to Subsection (8)(c), the present and five-year projections of the cost,
773	including overhead, of governmental services in the proposed town, including:
774	(A) culinary water;
775	(B) secondary water;
776	(C) sewer;
777	(D) law enforcement;
778	(E) fire protection
779	(F) roads and public works;
780	(G) garbage
781	(H) weeds; and
782	(I) government offices;
783	(v) assuming the same tax categories and tax rates as currently imposed by the county
784	and all other current service providers, the present and five-year projected revenue for the
785	proposed town; and
786	(vi) a projection of any new taxes per household that may be levied within the
787	incorporated area within five years of incorporation.
788	(c) (i) For purposes of Subsection (8)(b)(iv), the feasibility consultant shall assume a
789	level and quality of governmental services to be provided to the proposed town in the future
790	that fairly and reasonably approximate the level and quality of governmental services being
791	provided to the proposed town at the time of the feasibility study.
792	(ii) In determining the present cost of a governmental service, the feasibility consultant
793	shall consider:
794	(A) the amount it would cost the proposed town to provide governmental service for
795	the first five years after incorporation; and
796	(B) the county's present and five-year projected cost of providing governmental
797	service.
798	(iii) The costs calculated under Subsection (8)(b)(iv), shall take into account inflation
799	and anticipated growth.
800	(d) If the five year projected revenues under Subsection (8)(b)(v) exceed the five year

301	projected costs under Subsection (8)(b)(1v) by more than 5%, the feasibility consultant shall
302	project and report the expected annual revenue surplus to the contact sponsor and the lieutenant
303	governor.
304	[(b) If the county legislative body has commissioned a financial feasibility study under
305	Subsection (8)(a)(i), the]
306	(e) The county legislative body shall approve a certified petition proposing the
307	incorporation of a town and hold [an election for town officers,] a public hearing as provided in
808	[Subsection (9), if:] Section 10-2-126.
309	[(i) the county clerk has certified the petition under Subsection (6); and]
310	[(ii) (A) the results of the financial feasibility study described in Subsection (8)(a)(i)
311	show that the average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) does not
312	exceed the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more than
313	15%; or]
314	[(B) the results of the financial feasibility study described in Subsection (8)(a)(i) show
315	that the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) does not exceed the
316	average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) by more than 15%.]
317	[(c) (i) If the results of the financial feasibility study described in Subsection (8)(a)(i)
318	show that the average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) exceeds the
319	average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more than 15%, the
320	county legislative body may:]
321	[(A) deny the petition, in accordance with Subsection (8)(e)(iii), if the results of the
322	financial feasibility study show that the average annual amount of revenues described in
323	Subsection (1)(b)(i) exceeds the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection
324	(1)(b)(ii) by more than 15%; or]
325	[(B) (I) with the consent of the petition sponsors:]
326	[(Aa) impose conditions to prevent the average annual amount of revenues described in
327	Subsection (1)(b)(i) from exceeding the average annual amount of costs described in
328	Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more than 15%; or]
329	[(Bb) alter the boundaries of the area proposed to be incorporated as a town to
330	approximate the boundaries necessary to prevent the average annual amount of revenues
331	described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) from exceeding the average annual amount of costs described

832	in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more than 15%; and]
833	[(H) approve the incorporation petition and hold an election for town officers, as
834	provided in Subsection (9).
835	[(ii) If the results of the financial feasibility study described in Subsection (8)(a)(i)
836	show that the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) exceeds the
837	average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) by more than 15%, the
838	county legislative body shall:
839	[(A) approve the petition;]
840	[(B) deny the petition in accordance with Subsection (8)(c)(iii); or]
841	[(C) (I) with the consent of the petition sponsors:]
842	[(Aa) impose conditions to prevent the average annual amount of costs described in
843	Subsection (1)(b)(ii) from exceeding the average annual amount of revenues described in
844	Subsection (1)(b)(i) by more than 15%; or]
845	[(Bb) alter the boundaries of the area proposed to be incorporated as a town to
846	approximate the boundaries necessary to prevent the average annual amount of costs described
847	in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) from exceeding the average annual amount of revenues described in
848	Subsection (1)(b)(i) by more than 15%; and]
849	[(H) approve the incorporation petition and hold an election for town officers, as
850	provided in Subsection (9).
851	[(iii) A county legislative body intending to deny a petition under Subsection
852	$\textcolor{red}{(8)(c)(i)(A) \text{ or } (8)(c)(ii)(B) \text{ shall deny the petition within } 20 \text{ days after the feasibility consultant}}$
853	submits the written results of the financial feasibility study.]
854	[(d) Each town that incorporates pursuant to a petition approved after the county
855	$legislative\ body\ imposes\ conditions\ under\ Subsection\ (8)(c)(i)(B)(I)(Aa)\ or\ (8)(c)(ii)(C)(I)(Aa)$
856	shall comply with those conditions.]
857	[(9) (a) The legislative body of the county in which the proposed new town is located
858	shall hold the election for town officers provided for in Subsection (8) within:
859	[(i) 45 days after the day on which the feasibility consultant submits the written results
860	of the financial feasibility study, for an election under Subsection (8)(b); or]
861	[(ii) 60 days after the day on which the feasibility consultant submits the written results
862	of the financial feasibility study, for an election under Subsection (8)(c)(i)(B)(II) or

863	(8)(c)(ii)(B)(II).]
864	[(b) The officers elected at an election under Subsection (9)(a) shall take office:]
865	[(i) at noon on the first Monday in January next following the election, if the election is
866	held on a regular general or municipal general election date; or]
867	[(ii) at noon on the first day of the month next following the effective date of the
868	incorporation under Subsection (12), if the election of officers is held on any other date.]
869	[(10) Each newly incorporated town shall operate under the five-member council form
870	of government as defined in Section 10-3b-102.]
871	[(11) The mayor-elect of the future town shall:]
872	[(a) within 30 days after the canvass of the election of town officers under Subsection
873	(9), file with the lieutenant governor:]
874	[(i) a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section
875	67-1a-6.5, that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and]
876	[(ii) a copy of an approved final local entity plat, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5; and]
877	[(b) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of incorporation under
878	Section 67-1a-6.5:]
879	[(i) if the town is located within the boundary of a single county, submit to the recorder
880	of that county the original:
881	[(A) notice of an impending boundary action;]
882	[(B) certificate of incorporation; and]
883	[(C) approved final local entity plat; or]
884	[(ii) if the town is located within the boundaries of more than a single county, submit
885	the original of the documents listed in Subsections (11)(b)(i)(A), (B), and (C) to one of those
886	counties and a certified copy of those documents to each other county.]
887	[(12) (a) A new town is incorporated:]
888	[(i) on December 31 of the year in which the lieutenant governor issues a certificate of
889	incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under Subsection (9) is
890	held on a regular general or municipal general election date; or]
891	[(ii) on the last day of the month during which the lieutenant governor issues a
892	certificate of incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under
893	Subsection (9) is held on any other date.]

894	[(b) (i) The effective date of an incorporation for purposes of assessing property within
895	the new town is governed by Section 59-2-305.5.]
896	[(ii) Until the documents listed in Subsection (11)(b) are recorded in the office of the
897	recorder of each county in which the property is located, a newly incorporated town may not:]
898	[(A) levy or collect a property tax on property within the town;]
899	[(B) levy or collect an assessment on property within the town; or]
900	[(C) charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within the town.]
901	[(13) For each petition filed before March 5, 2008:]
902	[(a) the petition is subject to and governed by the law in effect at the time the petition
903	was filed; and]
904	[(b) the law in effect at the time the petition was filed governs in all administrative and
905	judicial proceedings relating to the petition.]
906	Section 13. Section 10-2-126 is enacted to read:
907	10-2-126. Incorporation of town Public hearing on feasibility.
908	(1) If, in accordance with Section 10-2-125, the county clerk certifies a petition for
909	incorporation or an amended petition for incorporation, the county legislative body shall, at its
910	next regular meeting after completion of the feasibility study, schedule a public hearing to:
911	(a) be held no later than 60 days after the day on which the feasibility study is
912	completed; and
913	(b) consider, in accordance with Subsection (3)(b), the feasibility of incorporation for
914	the proposed town.
915	(2) The county legislative body shall give notice of the public hearing on the proposed
916	incorporation by:
917	(a) posting notice of the public hearing on the county's Internet website, if the county
918	has an Internet website;
919	(b) (i) publishing notice of the public hearing at least once a week for two consecutive
920	weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town; or
921	(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town, posting
922	notice of the public hearing in at least five conspicuous public places within the proposed
923	town; and
924	(c) publishing notice of the public hearing on the Utah Public Notice Website created

925	<u>in Section 63F-1-701.</u>
926	(3) At the public hearing scheduled in accordance with Subsection (1), the county
927	legislative body shall:
928	(a) (i) provide a copy of the feasibility study; and
929	(ii) present the results of the feasibility study to the public; and
930	(b) allow the public to:
931	(i) review the map or plat of the boundary of the proposed town;
932	(ii) ask questions and become informed about the proposed incorporation; and
933	(iii) express its views about the proposed incorporation, including their views about the
934	boundary of the area proposed to be incorporated.
935	Section 14. Section 10-2-127 is enacted to read:
936	10-2-127. Incorporation of town Election to incorporate Ballot form.
937	(1) (a) At the next regular general election, as defined in Section 20A-1-102, more than
938	60 days after the public hearing described in Section 10-2-126, the county legislative body shall
939	hold an election on the proposed incorporation.
940	(b) Unless a person is a registered voter who resides, as defined in Section 20A-1-102,
941	within the boundaries of the proposed town, the person may not vote on the proposed
942	incorporation.
943	(2) (a) The county clerk shall publish notice of the election:
944	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation, within the area proposed to be incorporated,
945	at least once a week for three successive weeks; and
946	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
947	(b) The notice required by Subsection (2)(a) shall contain:
948	(i) a statement of the contents of the petition;
949	(ii) a description of the area proposed to be incorporated as a town;
950	(iii) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places;
951	<u>and</u>
952	(iv) the county Internet website address, if applicable, and the address of the county
953	office where the feasibility study is available for review.
954	(c) The last publication of notice required under Subsection (2)(a) shall occur at least
955	one day but no more than seven days before the election.

956	(d) (i) In accordance with Subsection (2)(a)(i), if there is no newspaper of general
957	circulation within the proposed town, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the
958	election per 100 population in conspicuous places within the proposed town that are most
959	likely to give notice of the election to the voters of the proposed town.
960	(ii) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (2)(d)(i) at least seven days before
961	the election under Subsection (1)(a).
962	(3) The ballot at the incorporation election shall pose the incorporation question
963	substantially as follows:
964	Shall the area described as (insert a description of the proposed town) be incorporated
965	as the town of (insert the proposed name of the proposed town)?
966	(4) The ballot shall provide a space for the voter to answer yes or no to the question in
967	Subsection (3).
968	(5) If a majority of those casting votes within the area boundaries of the proposed town
969	vote to incorporate as a town, the area shall incorporate.
970	Section 15. Section 10-2-128 is enacted to read:
971	10-2-128. Form of government Election of officers of new town.
972	(1) A newly incorporated town shall operate under the five-member council form of
973	government as defined in Section 10-3b-102.
974	(2) (a) The county legislative body of the county in which a newly incorporated town is
975	located shall hold an election for town officers at the next special election after the regular
976	general election in which the town incorporation is approved.
977	(b) The officers elected at an election described in Subsection (2)(a) shall take office at
978	noon on the first Monday in January next following the special election described in
979	Subsection (2)(a).
980	Section 16. Section 10-2-129 is enacted to read:
981	10-2-129. Notice to lieutenant governor Effective date of incorporation Effect
982	of recording documents.
983	(1) The mayor-elect of the future town shall:
984	(a) within 30 days after the canvass of the election of town officers under Section
985	10-2-128, file with the lieutenant governor:
986	(i) a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5,

987	that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and
988	(ii) a copy of an approved final local entity plat, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5; and
989	(b) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of incorporation under
990	Section 67-1a-6.5:
991	(i) if the town is located within the boundary of a single county, submit to the recorder
992	of that county the original:
993	(A) notice of an impending boundary action;
994	(B) certificate of incorporation; and
995	(C) approved final local entity plat; or
996	(ii) if the town is located within the boundaries of more than a single county, submit
997	the original of the documents listed in Subsections (1)(b)(i)(A), (B), and (C) to one of those
998	counties and a certified copy of those documents to each other county.
999	(2) (a) A new town is incorporated:
1000	(i) on December 31 of the year in which the lieutenant governor issues a certificate of
1001	incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under Section 10-2-128
1002	is held on a regular general or municipal general election date; or
1003	(ii) on the last day of the month during which the lieutenant governor issues a
1004	certificate of incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under
1005	Section 10-2-128 is held on any other date.
1006	(b) (i) The effective date of an incorporation for purposes of assessing property within
1007	the new town is governed by Section 59-2-305.5.
1008	(ii) Until the documents listed in Subsection (1)(b)(i) are recorded in the office of the
1009	recorder of each county in which the property is located, a newly incorporated town may not:
1010	(A) levy or collect a property tax on property within the town;
1011	(B) levy or collect an assessment on property within the town; or
1012	(C) charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within the town.
1013	Section 17. Section 17-27a-302 is amended to read:
1014	17-27a-302. Planning commission powers and duties.
1015	(1) Each countywide or township planning commission shall, with respect to the
1016	unincorporated area of the county, or the township, make a recommendation to the county
1017	legislative body for:

1018	(a) a general plan and amendments to the general plan;
1019	(b) land use ordinances, zoning maps, official maps, and amendments;
1020	(c) an appropriate delegation of power to at least one designated land use authority to
1021	hear and act on a land use application;
1022	(d) an appropriate delegation of power to at least one appeal authority to hear and act
1023	on an appeal from a decision of the land use authority; and
1024	(e) application processes that:
1025	(i) may include a designation of routine land use matters that, upon application and
1026	proper notice, will receive informal streamlined review and action if the application is
1027	uncontested; and
1028	(ii) shall protect the right of each:
1029	(A) applicant and third party to require formal consideration of any application by a
1030	land use authority;
1031	(B) applicant, adversely affected party, or county officer or employee to appeal a land
1032	use authority's decision to a separate appeal authority; and
1033	(C) participant to be heard in each public hearing on a contested application.
1034	(2) The planning commission of a township under this part may recommend to the
1035	legislative body of the county in which the township is located[: (a) that the legislative body
1036	support or oppose a proposed incorporation of an area located within the township, as provided
1037	in Subsection 10-2-105(4); or (b)] that the legislative body file a protest to a proposed
1038	annexation of an area located within the township, as provided in Subsection 10-2-407(1)(b).
1039	Section 18. Section 20A-1-102 is amended to read:
1040	20A-1-102. Definitions.
1041	As used in this title:
1042	(1) "Active voter" means a registered voter who has not been classified as an inactive
1043	voter by the county clerk.
1044	(2) "Automatic tabulating equipment" means apparatus that automatically examines
1045	and counts votes recorded on paper ballots or ballot sheets and tabulates the results.
1046	(3) (a) "Ballot" means the storage medium, whether paper, mechanical, or electronic,
1047	upon which a voter records the voter's votes.
1048	(b) "Ballot" includes ballot sheets, paper ballots, electronic ballots, and secrecy

1049	envelopes.
1050	(4) "Ballot sheet":
1051	(a) means a ballot that:
1052	(i) consists of paper or a card where the voter's votes are marked or recorded; and
1053	(ii) can be counted using automatic tabulating equipment; and
1054	(b) includes punch card ballots and other ballots that are machine-countable.
1055	(5) "Ballot label" means the cards, papers, booklet, pages, or other materials that:
1056	(a) contain the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to
1057	be voted on; and
1058	(b) are used in conjunction with ballot sheets that do not display that information.
1059	(6) "Ballot proposition" means a question, issue, or proposal that is submitted to voters
1060	on the ballot for their approval or rejection including:
1061	(a) an opinion question specifically authorized by the Legislature;
1062	(b) a constitutional amendment;
1063	(c) an initiative;
1064	(d) a referendum;
1065	(e) a bond proposition;
1066	(f) a judicial retention question; [or]
1067	(g) an incorporation of a city or town; or
1068	[(g)] (h) any other ballot question specifically authorized by the Legislature.
1069	(7) "Board of canvassers" means the entities established by Sections 20A-4-301 and
1070	20A-4-306 to canvass election returns.
1071	(8) "Bond election" means an election held for the purpose of approving or rejecting
1072	the proposed issuance of bonds by a government entity.
1073	(9) "Book voter registration form" means voter registration forms contained in a bound
1074	book that are used by election officers and registration agents to register persons to vote.
1075	(10) "By-mail voter registration form" means a voter registration form designed to be
1076	completed by the voter and mailed to the election officer.
1077	(11) "Canvass" means the review of election returns and the official declaration of
1078	election results by the board of canvassers.
1079	(12) "Canvassing judge" means a poll worker designated to assist in counting ballots at

- the canvass.
- 1081 (13) "Contracting election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract or interlocal agreement with a provider election officer.
- 1083 (14) "Convention" means the political party convention at which party officers and delegates are selected.
- 1085 (15) "Counting center" means one or more locations selected by the election officer in charge of the election for the automatic counting of ballots.
- 1087 (16) "Counting judge" means a poll worker designated to count the ballots during election day.
- 1089 (17) "Counting poll watcher" means a person selected as provided in Section 20A-3-201 to witness the counting of ballots.
- 1091 (18) "Counting room" means a suitable and convenient private place or room, 1092 immediately adjoining the place where the election is being held, for use by the poll workers 1093 and counting judges to count ballots during election day.
- 1094 (19) "County officers" means those county officers that are required by law to be elected.
- 1096 (20) "Date of the election" or "election day" or "day of the election":
- 1097 (a) means the day that is specified in the calendar year as the day that the election occurs; and
- 1099 (b) does not include:

- (i) deadlines established for absentee voting; or
- 1101 (ii) any early voting or early voting period as provided under Chapter 3, Part 6, Early Voting.
- 1103 (21) "Elected official" means:
- 1104 (a) a person elected to an office under Section 20A-1-303;
- 1105 (b) a person who is considered to be elected to a municipal office in accordance with 1106 Subsection 20A-1-206(1)(c)(ii); or
- 1107 (c) a person who is considered to be elected to a local district office in accordance with 1108 Subsection 20A-1-206(3)(c)(ii).
- 1109 (22) "Election" means a regular general election, a municipal general election, a 1110 statewide special election, a local special election, a regular primary election, a municipal

1111 primary election, and a local district election. 1112 (23) "Election Assistance Commission" means the commission established by Public 1113 Law 107-252, the Help America Vote Act of 2002. 1114 (24) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day persons are eligible to 1115 file declarations of candidacy and ending when the canvass is completed. 1116 (25) "Election judge" means a poll worker that is assigned to: (a) preside over other poll workers at a polling place; 1117 1118 (b) act as the presiding election judge; or 1119 (c) serve as a canvassing judge, counting judge, or receiving judge. 1120 (26) "Election officer" means: 1121 (a) the lieutenant governor, for all statewide ballots and elections; 1122 (b) the county clerk for: 1123 (i) a county ballot and election; and 1124 (ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section 1125 20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5; 1126 (c) the municipal clerk for: 1127 (i) a municipal ballot and election; and 1128 (ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section 1129 20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5; 1130 (d) the local district clerk or chief executive officer for: 1131 (i) a local district ballot and election; and 1132 (ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section 20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5; or 1133 1134 (e) the business administrator or superintendent of a school district for: 1135 (i) a school district ballot and election; and 1136 (ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section 1137 20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5. 1138 (27) "Election official" means: 1139 (a) for an election other than a bond election, the count of votes cast in the election and 1140 the election returns requested by the board of canvassers; or

(b) any election officer, election judge, or poll worker.

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to be elected.

local district election, and a bond election.

1142 (28) "Election results" means: (a) for an election other than a bond election, the count of votes cast in the election and 1143 1144 the election returns requested by the board of canvassers; or 1145 (b) for bond elections, the count of those votes cast for and against the bond 1146 proposition plus any or all of the election returns that the board of canvassers may request. 1147 (29) "Election returns" includes the pollbook, all affidavits of registration, the military and overseas absentee voter registration and voting certificates, one of the tally sheets, any 1148 1149 unprocessed absentee ballots, all counted ballots, all excess ballots, all unused ballots, all 1150 spoiled ballots, the ballot disposition form, and the total votes cast form. 1151 (30) "Electronic ballot" means a ballot that is recorded using a direct electronic voting 1152 device or other voting device that records and stores ballot information by electronic means. 1153 (31) "Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to 1154 or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign 1155 the record. 1156 (32) (a) "Electronic voting device" means a voting device that uses electronic ballots. 1157 (b) "Electronic voting device" includes a direct recording electronic voting device. (33) "Inactive voter" means a registered voter who has: 1158 1159 (a) been sent the notice required by Section 20A-2-306; and 1160 (b) failed to respond to that notice. 1161 (34) "Inspecting poll watcher" means a person selected as provided in this title to 1162 witness the receipt and safe deposit of voted and counted ballots. 1163 (35) "Judicial office" means the office filled by any judicial officer. (36) "Judicial officer" means any justice or judge of a court of record or any county 1164 1165 court judge. 1166 (37) "Local district" means a local government entity under Title 17B, Limited Purpose 1167 Local Government Entities - Local Districts, and includes a special service district under Title 1168 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act. 1169 (38) "Local district officers" means those local district officers that are required by law

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(39) "Local election" means a regular municipal election, a local special election, a

1173 (40) "Local political subdivision" means a county, a municipality, a local district, or a 1174 local school district. 1175 (41) "Local special election" means a special election called by the governing body of a 1176 local political subdivision in which all registered voters of the local political subdivision may 1177 vote. 1178 (42) "Municipal executive" means: 1179 (a) the mayor in the council-mayor form of government defined in Section 10-3b-102; 1180 or 1181 (b) the mayor in the council-manager form of government defined in Subsection 1182 10-3b-103(6). 1183 (43) "Municipal general election" means the election held in municipalities and local 1184 districts on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each odd-numbered year 1185 for the purposes established in Section 20A-1-202. (44) "Municipal legislative body" means the council of the city or town in any form of 1186 1187 municipal government. 1188 (45) "Municipal office" means an elective office in a municipality. 1189 (46) "Municipal officers" means those municipal officers that are required by law to be elected. 1190 1191 (47) "Municipal primary election" means an election held to nominate candidates for 1192 municipal office. 1193 (48) "Official ballot" means the ballots distributed by the election officer to the poll workers to be given to voters to record their votes. 1194 1195 (49) "Official endorsement" means: 1196 (a) the information on the ballot that identifies: 1197 (i) the ballot as an official ballot; 1198 (ii) the date of the election; and 1199 (iii) the facsimile signature of the election officer; and 1200 (b) the information on the ballot stub that identifies: 1201 (i) the poll worker's initials; and 1202 (ii) the ballot number. 1203 (50) "Official register" means the official record furnished to election officials by the

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the regular primary election are selected.

1204 election officer that contains the information required by Section 20A-5-401. 1205 (51) "Paper ballot" means a paper that contains: 1206 (a) the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to be 1207 voted on; and 1208 (b) spaces for the voter to record the voter's vote for each office and for or against each 1209 ballot proposition. 1210 (52) "Political party" means an organization of registered voters that has qualified to 1211 participate in an election by meeting the requirements of Chapter 8, Political Party Formation 1212 and Procedures. 1213 (53) (a) "Poll worker" means a person assigned by an election official to assist with an 1214 election, voting, or counting votes. 1215 (b) "Poll worker" includes election judges. 1216 (c) "Poll worker" does not include a watcher. 1217 (54) "Pollbook" means a record of the names of voters in the order that they appear to 1218 cast votes. 1219 (55) "Polling place" means the building where voting is conducted. 1220 (56) "Position" means a square, circle, rectangle, or other geometric shape on a ballot 1221 in which the voter marks the voter's choice. 1222 (57) "Provider election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract or 1223 interlocal agreement with a contracting election officer to conduct an election for the contracting election officer's local political subdivision in accordance with Section 1224 1225 20A-5-400.1. 1226 (58) "Provisional ballot" means a ballot voted provisionally by a person: 1227 (a) whose name is not listed on the official register at the polling place; 1228 (b) whose legal right to vote is challenged as provided in this title; or 1229 (c) whose identity was not sufficiently established by a poll worker. 1230 (59) "Provisional ballot envelope" means an envelope printed in the form required by 1231 Section 20A-6-105 that is used to identify provisional ballots and to provide information to 1232 verify a person's legal right to vote.

(60) "Primary convention" means the political party conventions at which nominees for

1235 (61) "Protective counter" means a separate counter, which cannot be reset, that: 1236 (a) is built into a voting machine; and 1237 (b) records the total number of movements of the operating lever. 1238 (62) "Qualify" or "qualified" means to take the oath of office and begin performing the 1239 duties of the position for which the person was elected. 1240 (63) "Receiving judge" means the poll worker that checks the voter's name in the official register, provides the voter with a ballot, and removes the ballot stub from the ballot 1241 1242 after the voter has voted. 1243 (64) "Registration form" means a book voter registration form and a by-mail voter 1244 registration form. 1245 (65) "Regular ballot" means a ballot that is not a provisional ballot. 1246 (66) "Regular general election" means the election held throughout the state on the first 1247 Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each even-numbered year for the purposes 1248 established in Section 20A-1-201. 1249 (67) "Regular primary election" means the election on the fourth Tuesday of June of 1250 each even-numbered year, to nominate candidates of political parties and nonpolitical groups to 1251 advance to the regular general election. 1252 (68) "Resident" means a person who resides within a specific voting precinct in Utah. 1253 (69) "Sample ballot" means a mock ballot similar in form to the official ballot printed 1254 and distributed as provided in Section 20A-5-405. 1255 (70) "Scratch vote" means to mark or punch the straight party ticket and then mark or 1256 punch the ballot for one or more candidates who are members of different political parties. 1257 (71) "Secrecy envelope" means the envelope given to a voter along with the ballot into 1258 which the voter places the ballot after the voter has voted it in order to preserve the secrecy of 1259 the voter's vote. 1260 (72) "Special election" means an election held as authorized by Section 20A-1-204. 1261 (73) "Spoiled ballot" means each ballot that: 1262 (a) is spoiled by the voter; 1263 (b) is unable to be voted because it was spoiled by the printer or a poll worker; or 1264 (c) lacks the official endorsement. 1265 (74) "Statewide special election" means a special election called by the governor or the

1266	Legislature in which all registered voters in Utah may vote.
1267	(75) "Stub" means the detachable part of each ballot.
1268	(76) "Substitute ballots" means replacement ballots provided by an election officer to
1269	the poll workers when the official ballots are lost or stolen.
1270	(77) "Ticket" means each list of candidates for each political party or for each group of
1271	petitioners.
1272	(78) "Transfer case" means the sealed box used to transport voted ballots to the
1273	counting center.
1274	(79) "Vacancy" means the absence of a person to serve in any position created by
1275	statute, whether that absence occurs because of death, disability, disqualification, resignation,
1276	or other cause.
1277	(80) "Valid voter identification" means:
1278	(a) a form of identification that bears the name and photograph of the voter which may
1279	include:
1280	(i) a currently valid Utah driver license;
1281	(ii) a currently valid identification card that is issued by:
1282	(A) the state; or
1283	(B) a branch, department, or agency of the United States;
1284	(iii) a currently valid Utah permit to carry a concealed weapon;
1285	(iv) a currently valid United States passport; or
1286	(v) a currently valid United States military identification card;
1287	(b) one of the following identification cards, whether or not the card includes a
1288	photograph of the voter:
1289	(i) a valid tribal identification card;
1290	(ii) a Bureau of Indian Affairs card; or
1291	(iii) a tribal treaty card; or
1292	(c) two forms of identification not listed under Subsection (80)(a) or (b) but that bear
1293	the name of the voter and provide evidence that the voter resides in the voting precinct, which
1294	may include:
1295	(i) a current utility bill or a legible copy thereof, dated within the 90 days before the
1296	election;

1297 (ii) a bank or other financial account statement, or a legible copy thereof; 1298 (iii) a certified birth certificate; 1299 (iv) a valid Social Security card; 1300 (v) a check issued by the state or the federal government or a legible copy thereof; 1301 (vi) a paycheck from the voter's employer, or a legible copy thereof; 1302 (vii) a currently valid Utah hunting or fishing license; 1303 (viii) certified naturalization documentation; 1304 (ix) a currently valid license issued by an authorized agency of the United States; 1305 (x) a certified copy of court records showing the voter's adoption or name change; 1306 (xi) a valid Medicaid card, Medicare card, or Electronic Benefits Transfer Card; 1307 (xii) a currently valid identification card issued by: (A) a local government within the state; 1308 1309 (B) an employer for an employee; or 1310 (C) a college, university, technical school, or professional school located within the 1311 state; or 1312 (xiii) a current Utah vehicle registration. 1313 (81) "Valid write-in candidate" means a candidate who has qualified as a write-in candidate by following the procedures and requirements of this title. 1314 1315 (82) "Voter" means a person who: 1316 (a) meets the requirements for voting in an election; 1317 (b) meets the requirements of election registration; 1318 (c) is registered to vote; and 1319 (d) is listed in the official register book. 1320 (83) "Voter registration deadline" means the registration deadline provided in Section 1321 20A-2-102.5. 1322 (84) "Voting area" means the area within six feet of the voting booths, voting 1323 machines, and ballot box. 1324 (85) "Voting booth" means: 1325 (a) the space or compartment within a polling place that is provided for the preparation 1326 of ballots, including the voting machine enclosure or curtain; or 1327 (b) a voting device that is free standing.

1328	(86) "Voting device" means:
1329	(a) an apparatus in which ballot sheets are used in connection with a punch device for
1330	piercing the ballots by the voter;
1331	(b) a device for marking the ballots with ink or another substance;
1332	(c) an electronic voting device or other device used to make selections and cast a ballot
1333	electronically, or any component thereof;
1334	(d) an automated voting system under Section 20A-5-302; or
1335	(e) any other method for recording votes on ballots so that the ballot may be tabulated
1336	by means of automatic tabulating equipment.
1337	(87) "Voting machine" means a machine designed for the sole purpose of recording
1338	and tabulating votes cast by voters at an election.
1339	(88) "Voting poll watcher" means a person appointed as provided in this title to
1340	witness the distribution of ballots and the voting process.
1341	(89) "Voting precinct" means the smallest voting unit established as provided by law
1342	within which qualified voters vote at one polling place.
1343	(90) "Watcher" means a voting poll watcher, a counting poll watcher, an inspecting
1344	poll watcher, and a testing watcher.
1345	(91) "Western States Presidential Primary" means the election established in Chapter 9,
1346	Part 8. Western States Presidential Primary.
1347	(92) "Write-in ballot" means a ballot containing any write-in votes.
1348	(93) "Write-in vote" means a vote cast for a person whose name is not printed on the
1349	ballot according to the procedures established in this title.
1350	Section 19. Section 20A-1-203 is amended to read:
1351	20A-1-203. Calling and purpose of special elections Two-thirds vote
1352	limitations.
1353	(1) Statewide and local special elections may be held for any purpose authorized by
1354	law.
1355	(2) (a) Statewide special elections shall be conducted using the procedure for regular
1356	general elections.
1357	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this title, local special elections shall be conducted
1358	using the procedures for regular municipal elections.

1359	(3) The governor may call a statewide special election by issuing an executive order
1360	that designates:
1361	(a) the date for the statewide special election; and
1362	(b) the purpose for the statewide special election.
1363	(4) The Legislature may call a statewide special election by passing a joint or
1364	concurrent resolution that designates:
1365	(a) the date for the statewide special election; and
1366	(b) the purpose for the statewide special election.
1367	(5) (a) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special
1368	election only for:
1369	(i) a vote on a bond or debt issue;
1370	(ii) a vote on a voted local levy authorized by Section 53A-17a-133;
1371	(iii) an initiative authorized by Chapter 7, Part 5, Local Initiatives - Procedures;
1372	(iv) a referendum authorized by Chapter 7, Part 6, Local Referenda - Procedures;
1373	(v) if required or authorized by federal law, a vote to determine whether or not Utah's
1374	legal boundaries should be changed;
1375	(vi) a vote authorized or required by Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act;
1376	(vii) a vote to elect members to school district boards for a new school district and a
1377	remaining school district, as defined in Section 53A-2-117, following the creation of a new
1378	school district under Section 53A-2-118.1; or
1379	(viii) an election of town officers of a newly incorporated town under [Subsection
1380	10-2-125(9)] Section 10-2-128.
1381	(b) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special election
1382	by adopting an ordinance or resolution that designates:
1383	(i) the date for the local special election; and
1384	(ii) the purpose for the local special election.
1385	(c) A local political subdivision may not call a local special election unless the
1386	ordinance or resolution calling a local special election under Subsection (5)(b) is adopted by a
1387	two-thirds majority of all members of the legislative body, if the local special election is for:
1388	(i) a vote on a bond or debt issue as described in Subsection (5)(a)(i);
1389	(ii) a vote on a voted leeway or levy program as described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii); or

1390	(iii) a vote authorized or required for a sales tax issue as described in Subsection
1391	(5)(a)(vi).
1392	Section 20. Section 20A-1-204 is amended to read:
1393	20A-1-204. Date of special election Legal effect.
1394	(1) (a) The governor, Legislature, or the legislative body of a local political subdivision
1395	calling a statewide special election or local special election under Section 20A-1-203 shall
1396	schedule the special election to be held on:
1397	(i) the fourth Tuesday in June;
1398	(ii) the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November; or
1399	(iii) for an election of town officers of a newly incorporated town under [Subsection
1400	10-2-125(9)] Section 10-2-128, on any date that complies with the requirements of that
1401	subsection.
1402	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), the governor, Legislature, or the legislative
1403	body of a local political subdivision calling a statewide special election or local special election
1404	under Section 20A-1-203 may not schedule a special election to be held on any other date.
1405	(c) (i) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (1)(b), the legislative body of a
1406	local political subdivision may call a local special election on a date other than those specified
1407	in this section if the legislative body:
1408	(A) determines and declares that there is a disaster, as defined in Section 63K-3-102,
1409	requiring that a special election be held on a date other than the ones authorized in statute;
1410	(B) identifies specifically the nature of the disaster, as defined in Section 63K-3-102,
1411	and the reasons for holding the special election on that other date; and
1412	(C) votes unanimously to hold the special election on that other date.
1413	(ii) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may not call a local special
1414	election for the date established in [Title 20A,] Chapter 9, Part 8, Western States Presidential
1415	Primary, for Utah's Western States Presidential Primary.
1416	(d) Nothing in this section prohibits:
1417	(i) the governor or Legislature from submitting a matter to the voters at the regular
1418	general election if authorized by law; or
1419	(ii) a local government from submitting a matter to the voters at the regular municipal
1420	election if authorized by law.

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1421	(2) (a) Two or more entities shall comply with Subsection (2)(b) if those entities hold a
1422	special election within a county on the same day as:
1423	(i) another special election;
1424	(ii) a regular general election; or
1425	(iii) a municipal general election.
1426	(b) Entities described in Subsection (2)(a) shall, to the extent practicable, coordinate:
1427	(i) polling places;
1428	(ii) ballots;
1429	(iii) election officials; and
1430	(iv) other administrative and procedural matters connected with the election